



*ESWW10 Splinter
Solar storms: Flares, CMEs and SEPs*

Solar Energetic Particles within the STEREO era: 2007-2012

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DH Consultancy

Outline

Motivation

Solar Terrestrial Relations Observatory - STEREO

Instrumentation

Compilation of the STEREO Catalogues

Why are STEREO Catalogues Useful?

- Multi-spacecraft event case studies
- Statistical results

Summary

Motivation

Create comprehensive
Solar Energetic Particle Event lists
[Catalogues] based on **STEREO** recordings

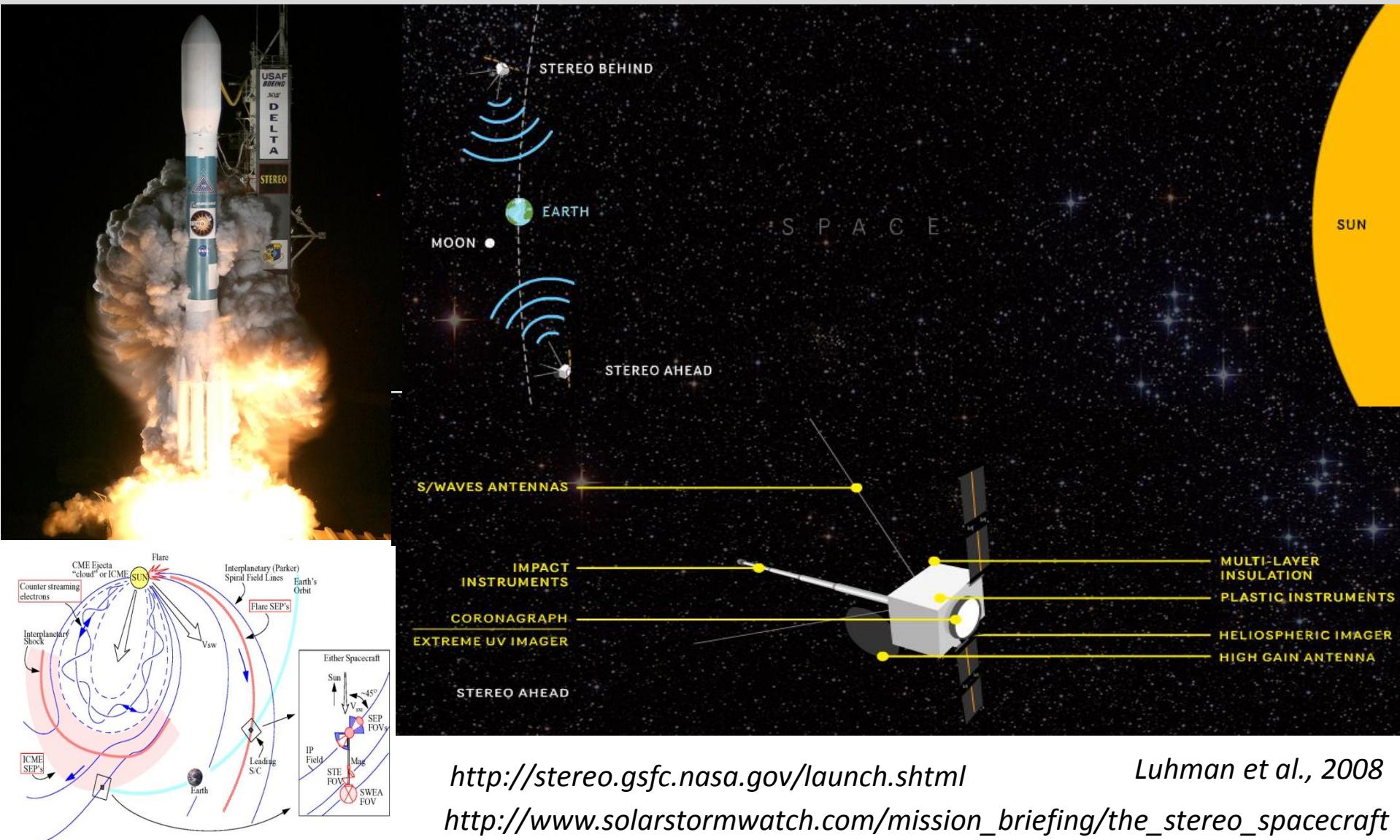
(Req#1) | SEP event catalogues (optimally) should provide:

- the event **characteristic parameters** (year, month, day, onset and peak time)
- information on the **s/c**, the **species** and the energy **channels used**
- reports on the **importance** of the SEP event

(Req#2) | A complete description of an SEP requires:

- reports on **parameters** of the **solar activity** that can be **associated with** each SEP event
- the **solar source** associated with an SEP event identified by the **active region number** and the **coordinates of the flare** on the solar disk
- observational **data accompanying the source activity** (i.e. soft X-rays, hard X-ray bursts in different energy ranges, solar radio emissions, radio bursts)

Solar Terrestrial Relations Observatory-STEREO



<http://stereo.gsfc.nasa.gov/launch.shtml>

http://www.solarstormwatch.com/mission_briefing/the_stereo_spacecraft

Luhman et al., 2008

Instrumentation

S T E R E O - I M P A C T

In-situ Measurements of Particles and CME Transients (IMPACT)

Low Energy Telescope (LET)

p: 1.8-10 (15) MeV

He: 4-10 (15) MeV/n

heavy ions

Two $133^\circ \times 29^\circ$ view cones



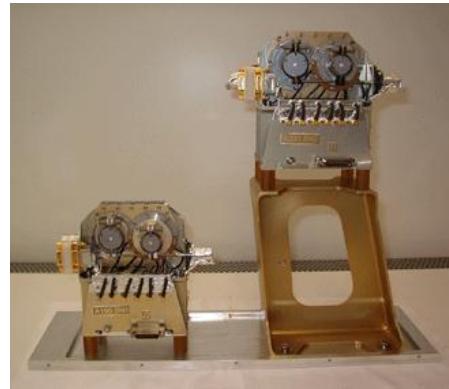
Mewaldt et al., 2008

Solar Electron Proton Telescope (SEPT)

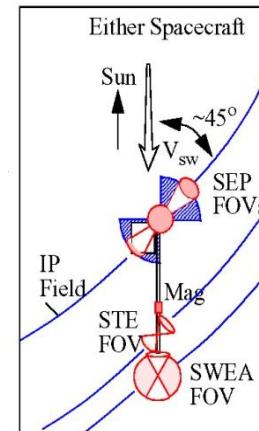
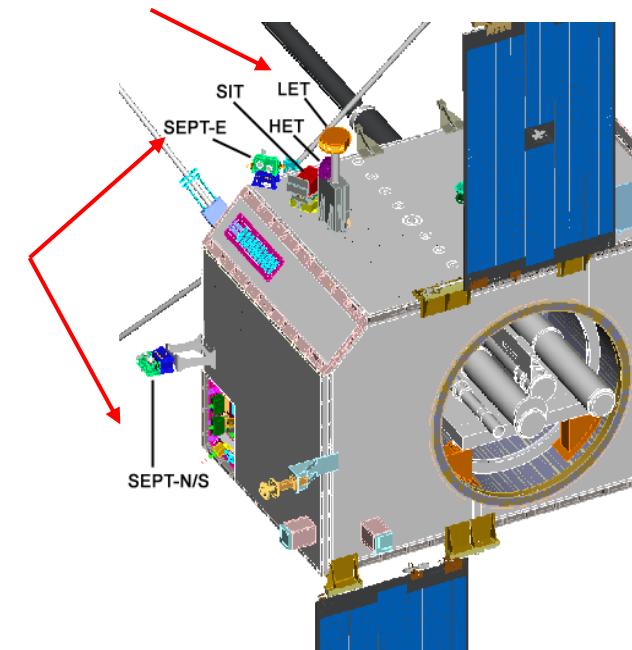
e-: 0.065-0.43 MeV

ions: 0.084-6.5 MeV

52° and 52.8° view cones;
four directions



Müller-Mellin et al., 2008



Luhman et al.,
2008

Compilation of the STEREO catalogues

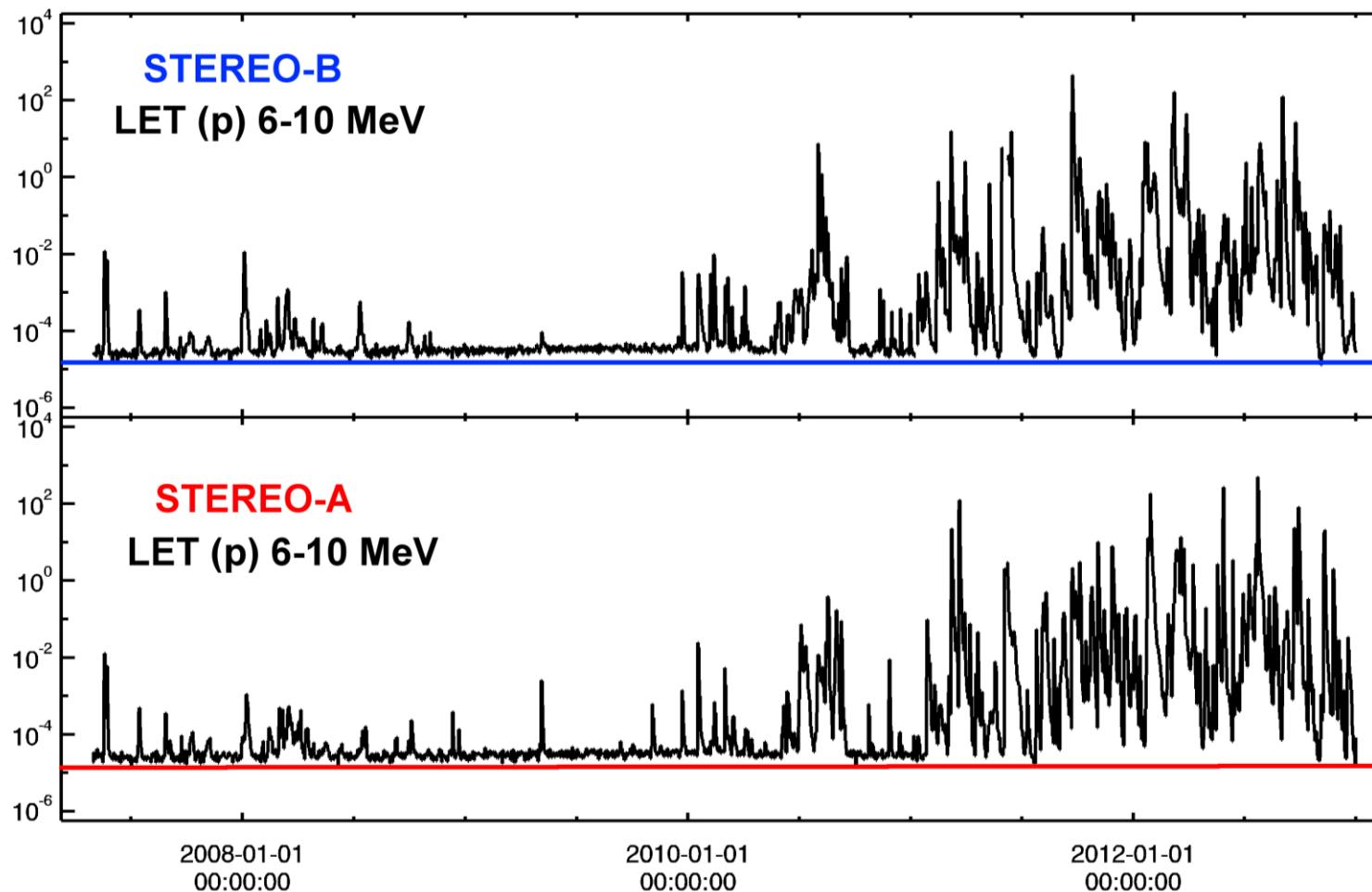
Criteria

- Selection of events using **STEREO/LET protons** with **6 MeV < E <10 MeV**:
 - Increases **above background**
 - No other **intensity threshold** applied
 - Cross-check with **electrons** (SEPT)
 - Cross-check with **CIRs/SIRs /ICMEs/Shocks**

Papaioannou et al., 2013a;b

Compilation of the STEREO catalogues

A. Increases above background



Procedure

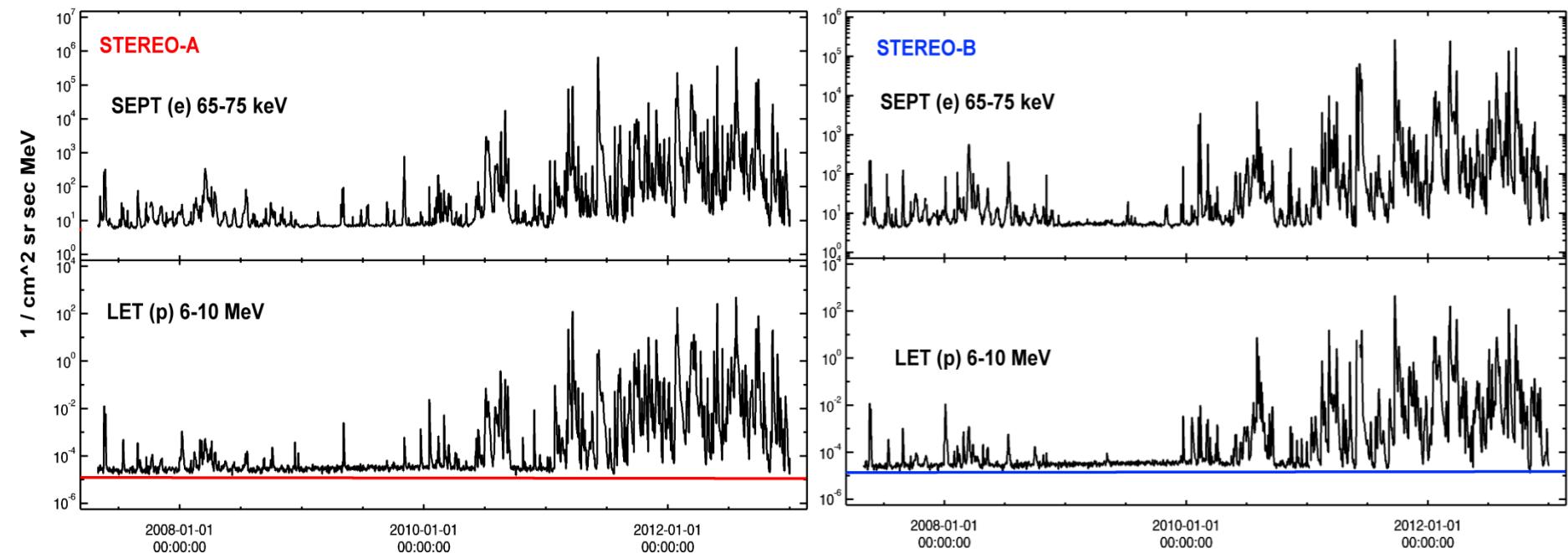
- All enhancements above the quiet time background have been tabulated

Background

- 2×10^{-5} particles $\text{cm}^{-2} \text{sr}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1} \text{MeV}^{-1}$

Compilation of the STEREO catalogues

B. Cross-check with electrons (SEPT)



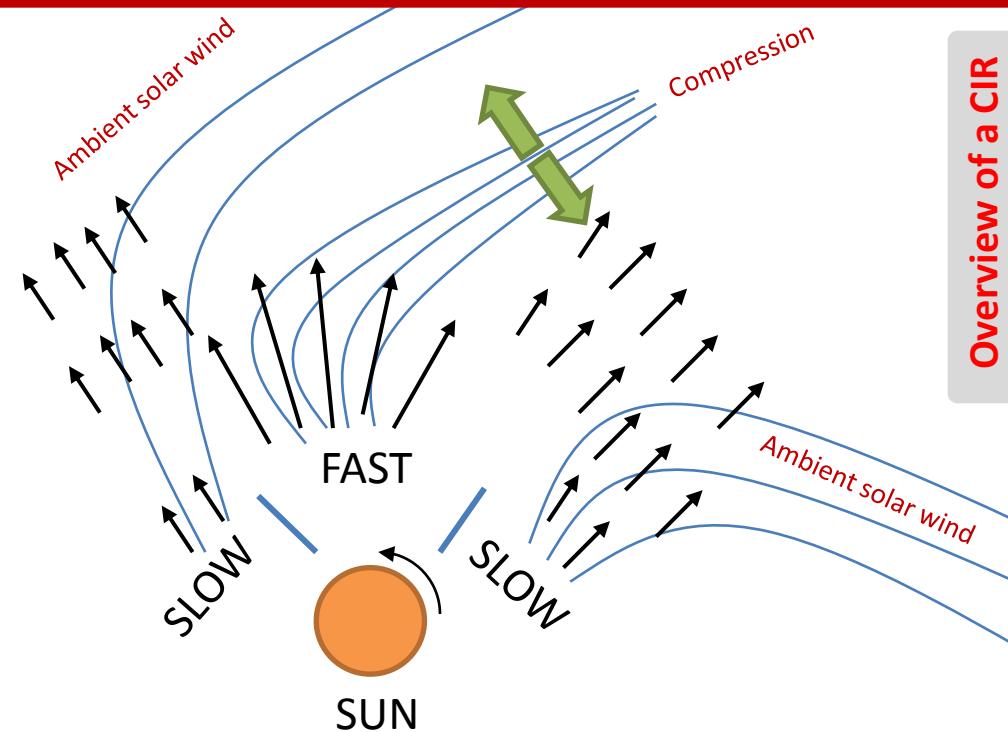
Electrons

- A parallel scanning of the near-relativistic SEPT electrons for the same time period (i.e. 2007-2012) has been performed

Papaioannou et al., 2013b

Compilation of the STEREO catalogues

C1. Cross-check with CIRs/SIRs



Overview of a CIR

- Two dominant solar wind speeds:
 - Fast: $\approx 700 \text{ km s}^{-1}$
 - Slow: $\approx 350 \text{ km s}^{-1}$
- Interactions between these form CIRs
- Seen as enhancements in SEP measurements
- Prevalent during solar minimum

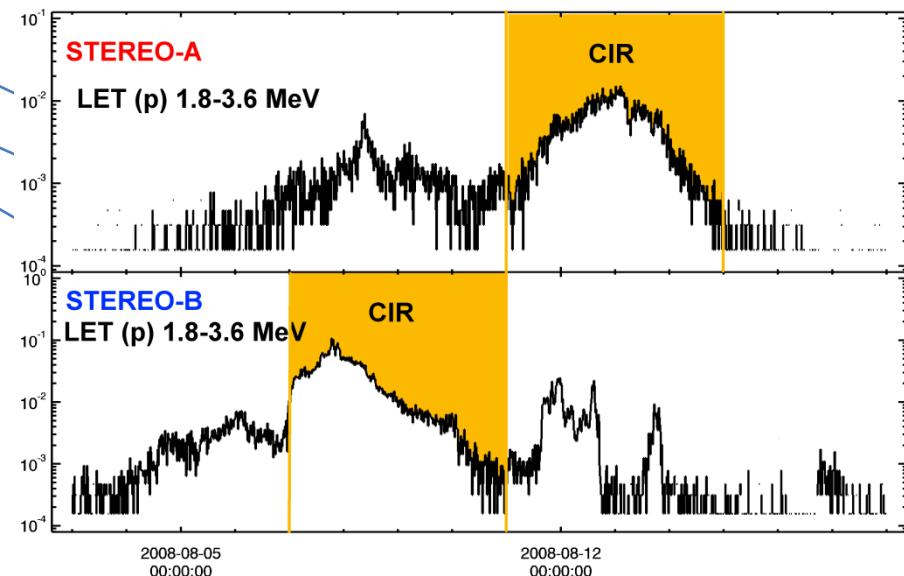
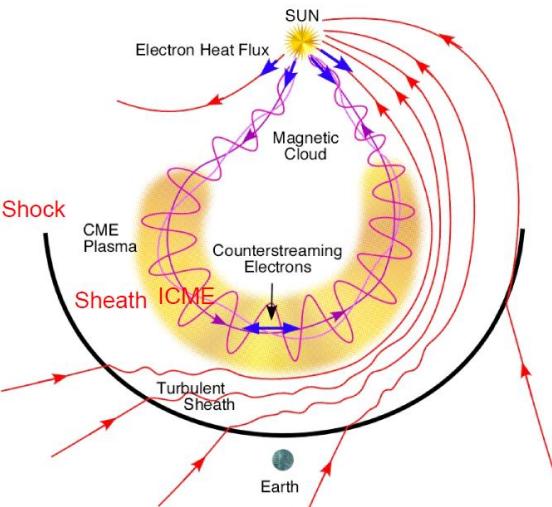


figure adapted by Gosling & Pizzo, 1999 [Papaioannou, 2012]

Compilation of the STEREO catalogues

C2. Cross-check with ICMEs/Shocks

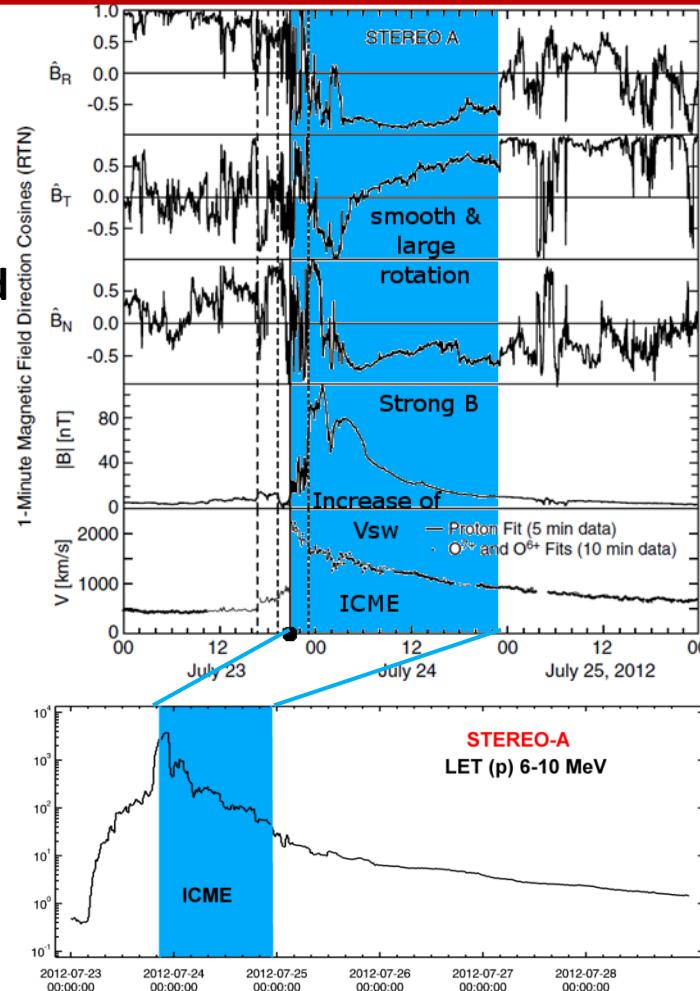


Signatures of ICMEs (Magnetic field)

- Smooth rotation
 - $> 30^{\circ}$
- Strength of the magnetic field
 - $> 10 \text{ nT}$
- Presence of MCs
 - $\sim 30\%$ of ICMEs

→ Need to know the IP conditions through
which particles propagated

Details: N. Agueda, *this Splinter*



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http://www-ssc.igpp.ucla.edu/~jlan/STEREO/Level3/STEREO_Level3_Shock.pdf
http://www-ssc.igpp.ucla.edu/~jlan/STEREO/Level3/STEREO_Level3_SIR.pdf
http://www-ssc.igpp.ucla.edu/~jlan/STEREO/Level3/STEREO_Level3_ICME.pdf

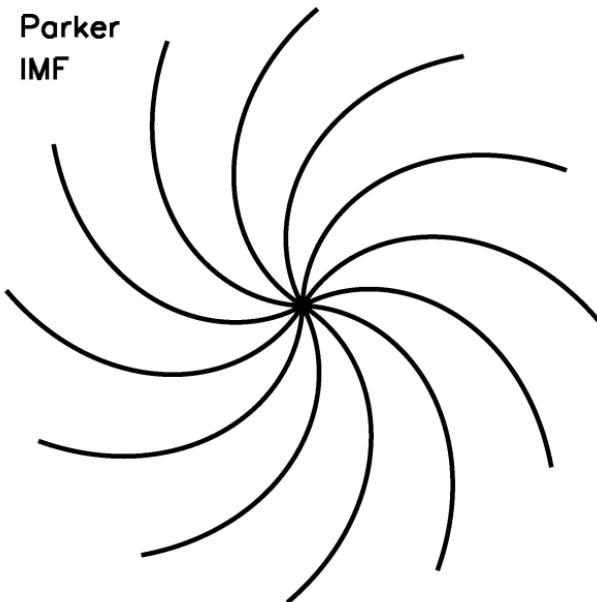
Zurbuchen & Richardson., 2006

Russel et al., 2013

Time-Shifting Analysis (TSA)

Calculating the path travelled by the particles

- ✓ Calculation of the nominal Parker (or Archimedean) spiral



$$L(u_{\text{sw}}) = z(r_{\text{S/C}}) - z(R_{\odot})$$

$$z(r) = \frac{a}{2} \left[\ln \left(\frac{r}{a} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{r^2}{a^2}} \right) + \frac{r}{a} \sqrt{1 + \frac{r^2}{a^2}} \right]$$

$$a = u_{\text{sw}} / \Omega_{\odot} \quad 2\pi\Omega_{\odot}^{-1} = 24.47 \text{ d}$$

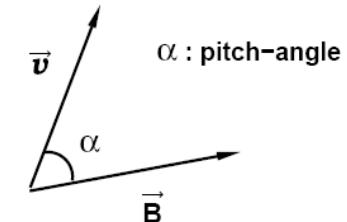
Vainio et al., 2013

Time-Shifting Analysis (TSA)

Propagation of the particles

- Scatter-free propagation

✓ For the first arriving particles we assume $\alpha=0^\circ$ and $\mu=1$.



$$\mu = \cos \alpha$$

$$t_{\text{rel}}(E) = t_{\text{onset}}(E) - 8.33 \frac{\min}{\text{AU}} L \beta^{-1}(E)$$

- NR Electrons

- ✓ Onset time for **STEREO/SEPT** @ **55-85 keV**
- ✓ Velocity of **SEPT electrons**, based on mean energy 68.4 keV: **0.47c**

- LET Protons

- ✓ Onset time for **STEREO/LET** @ **6-10 MeV**
- ✓ Velocity of **LET protons** based on mean energy 7.75 MeV : **0.12c**

Malandraki et al., 2012

STEREO/LET Catalogues

STEREO-A Sample



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Event catalogues													
Event catalogue selection		SEP Observations							Solar observations		Spacecraft Location		Comments
Event #	Date	LET Protons (6-10 MeV)			SEPT Electrons (55-85 keV)			Start time	Stop time	R (AU)	Helio Long. (deg)	Helio Lat. (deg)	
		e ⁺ onset	p ⁻ peak time	p ⁻ peak value	e ⁻ onset	e ⁻ peak time	e ⁻ peak value						
0	19.05.2007	16:45	23:45	2.25E-02	13:50	18:05	7.28E+02	12:30	15:00	0.959666	5.672	-1.434	
1	23.05.2007	10:25	3:45 (DOY 144)	1.32E-02	6:30	10:25	5.56E+02	7:00	10:00	0.959303	6.017	-0.903	
2	05.04.2008	20:20	21:00	1.50E-03	16:32	16:45	4.56E+02	12:00	24:00	0.951614	24.119	-4.192	
3	11.12.2008	11:50	13:30	1.90E-03	9:58	10:36	2.46E+01	8:00	11:00	0.967227	42.068	-5.346	
4	02.05.2009	-	-	-	20:02	20:46	8.21E+02	18:00	22:00	0.957439	47.472	1.849	
5	05.05.2009	10:30	13:30	7.40E-03	8:44	9:25	5.03E+02	8:00	11:00	0.957262	47.719	2.243	
6	03.11.2009	5:20	8:20	2.60E-03	3:57	4:25	2.78E+03	3:00	6:00	0.966748	62.382	-3.489	
7	05.11.2009	8:00	13:00	8.00E-04	0:16	3:06	4.29E+02	23:00 (DOY 309)	2:00	0.966819	62.439	-3.701	
8	22.12.2009	8:20	15:50	4.20E-03	6:26	7:26	3.40E+01	4:00	7:00	0.966624	63.904	-0.108	
9	17.01.2010	7:40	15:00	5.03E-02	5:18	9:15	2.44E+02	3:00	6:00	0.964979	64.68	-7.057	
10	08.02.2010	-	-	-	8:28	12:53	9.10E+01	7:00	10:00	0.963003	65.28	-5.695	

LET (p)
Onset; peak time,
peak value

SEPT (e)
Onset; peak time,
peak value

Solar data
Start & stop time

Position data
Radial distance
(AU), Long.; Lat.

Papaioannou et al., 2013b

Why are STEREO Catalogues Useful ?

Exploitation of the Catalogues

[1]

Make use of the Catalogues for the identification of *single multi-spacecraft events*

Analyze specific **case studies**

[2]

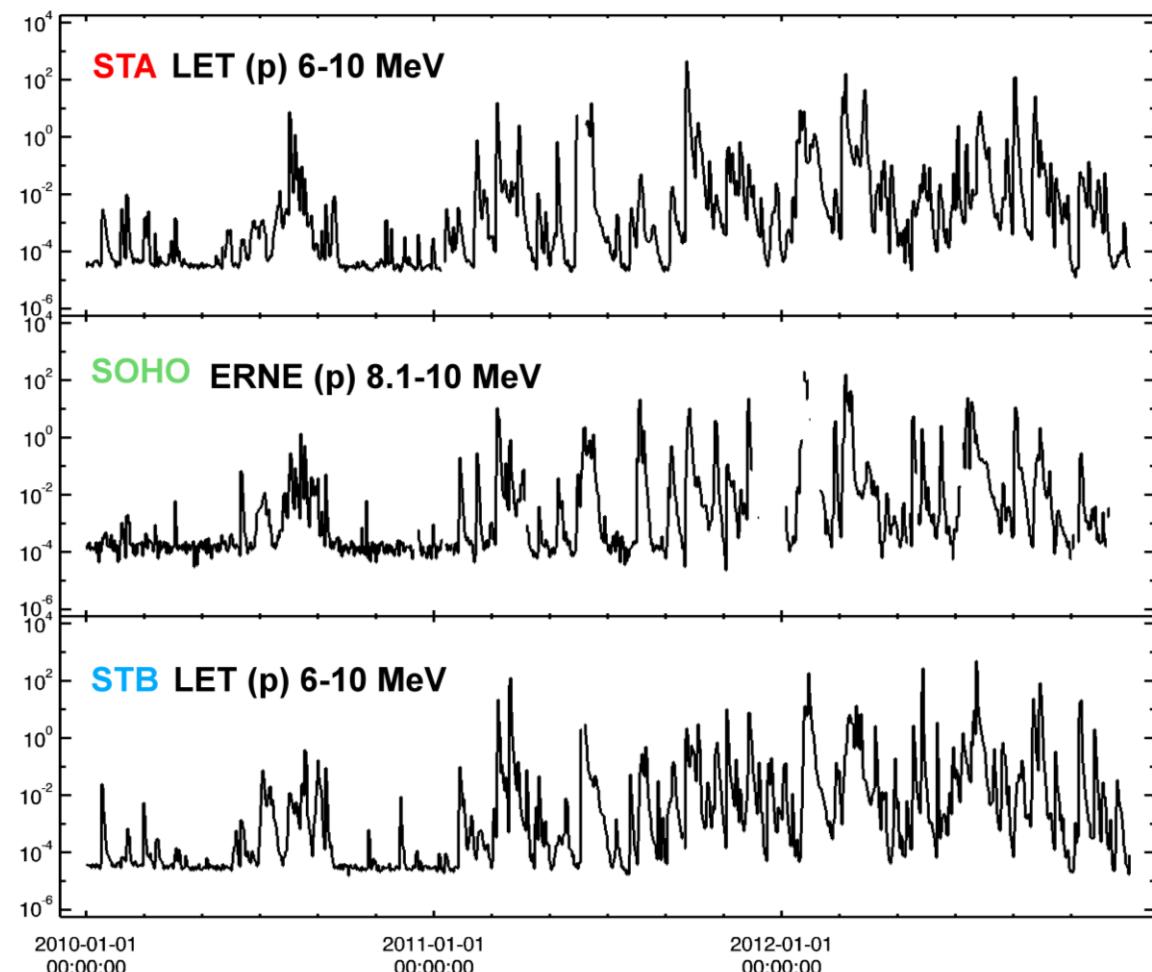
Take advantage of the *bulk* of the events in the Catalogues to derive **statistical results**

Use the whole sample or make subsets of SEP events for **statistical analysis**

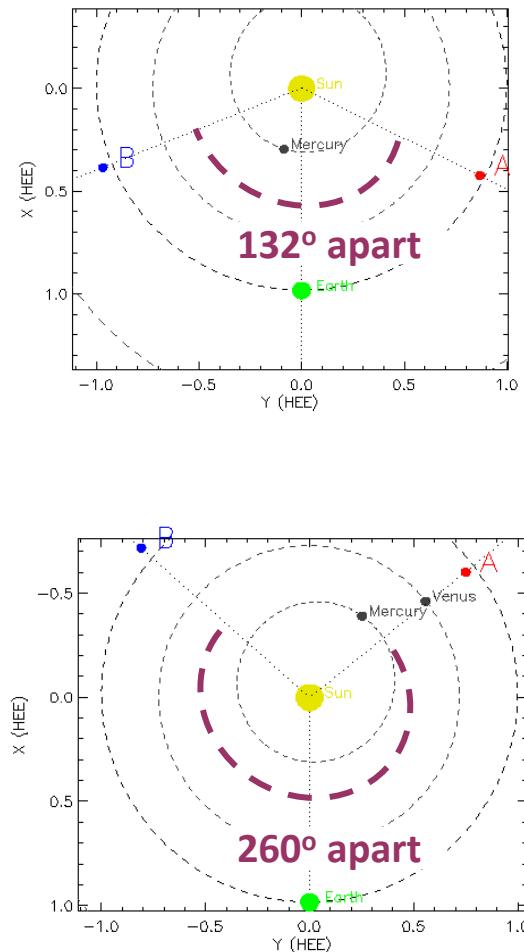
⌚ Explore the limitations, test the theories and verify the particle **origin, acceleration** and **transport** processes at the Sun and in the inner heliosphere.

The Multi-spacecraft Approach – STEREO era

SEPServer STEREO Catalogues

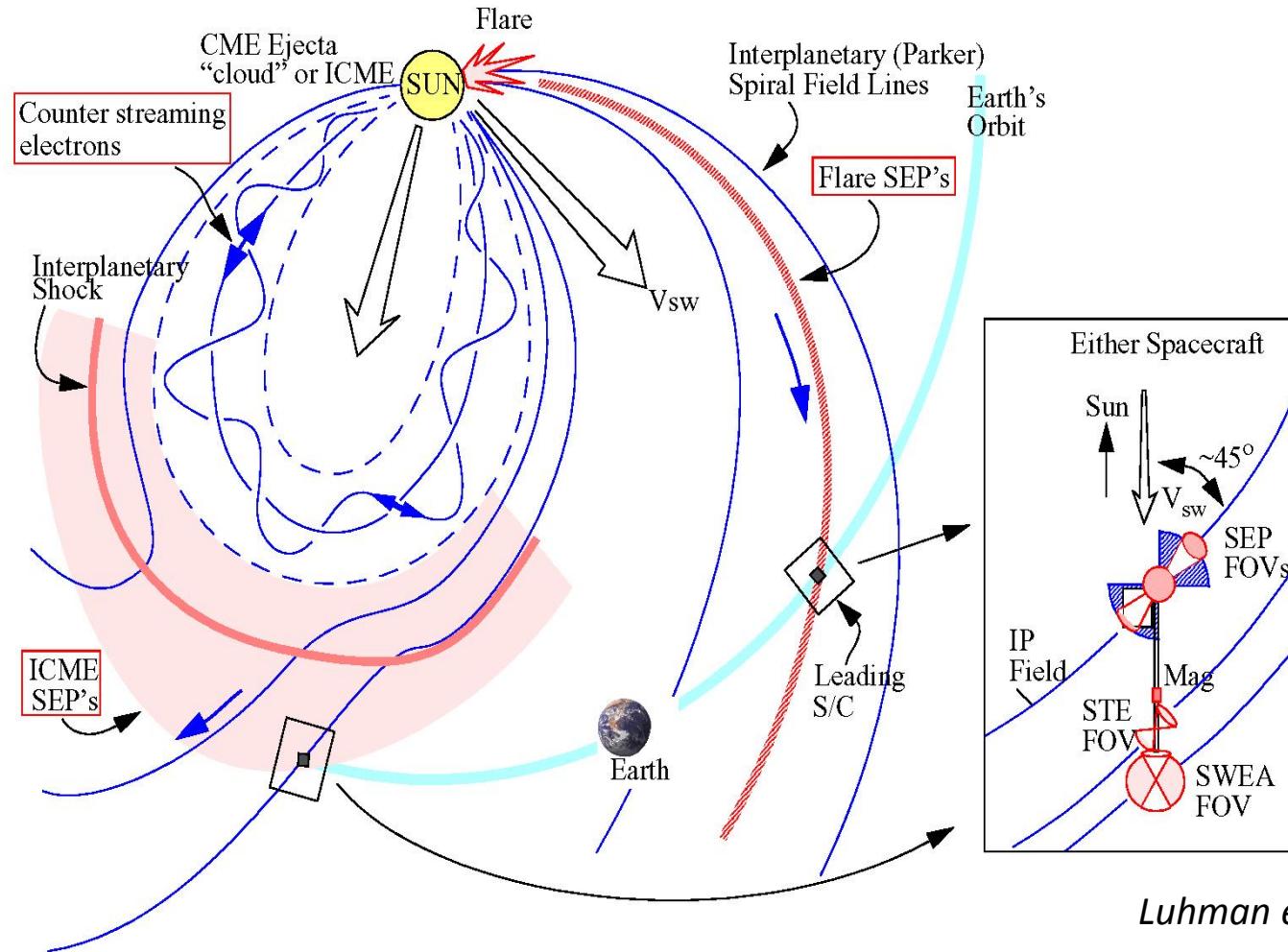


STA, EARTH & STB in 2010
(Beginning of the scanning)
STA, EARTH & STB in 2012
(End of the scanning)



The Multi-spacecraft Approach – STEREO era

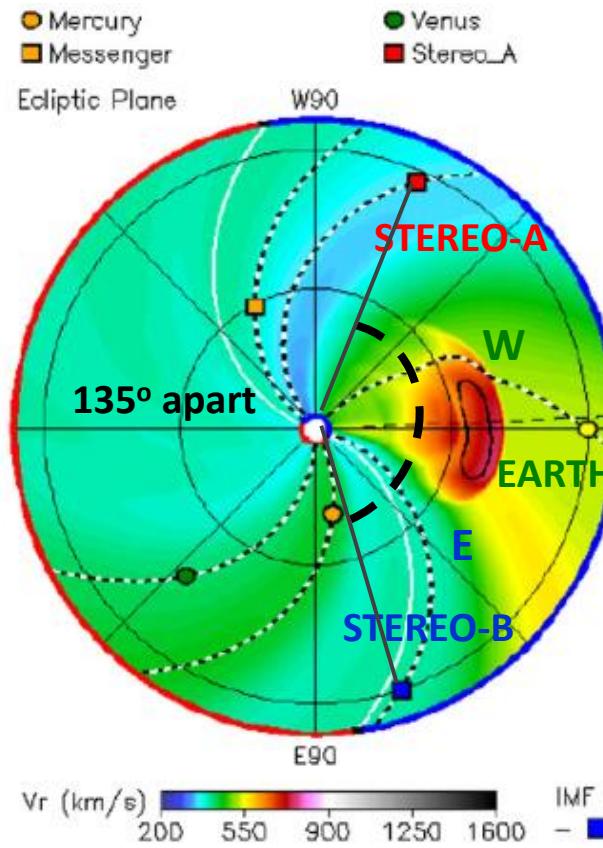
STEREO's added value: 3 points of continuous observations



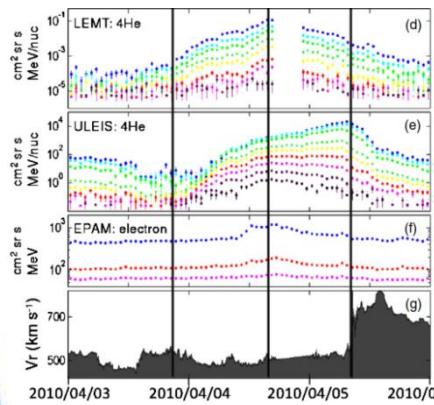
Luhman et al., 2008

The Multi-spacecraft Approach – STEREO era

03 April 2010 | Multi-spacecraft Wide Spread Event /



Rouillard et al., 2011

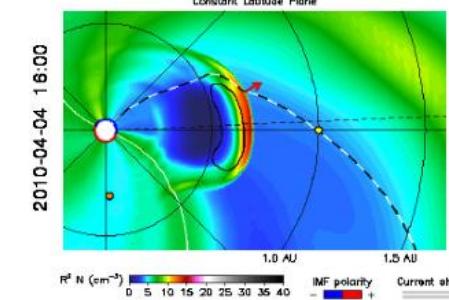
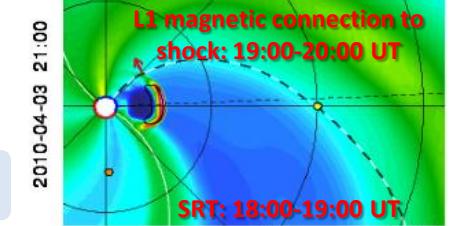
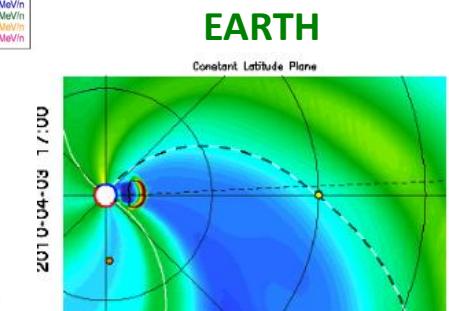
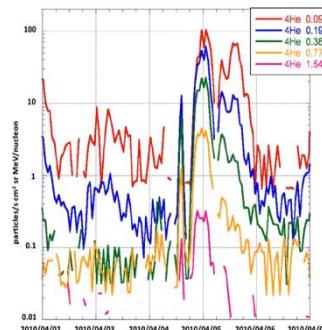


EARTH – STB ~15h Onset Delay

CME injection time – SEP @ EARTH ~12h

Longitudinal Separation – Flare & STB foot point 113°

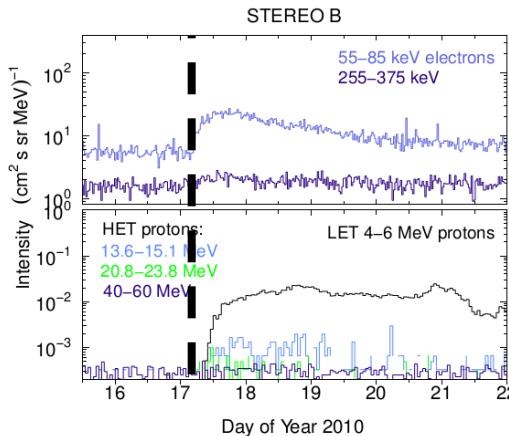
Longitudinal Separation – Flare & SOHO foot point 161°



The Multi-spacecraft Approach – STEREO era

17 January 2010

Multi-spacecraft Wide Spread Event //



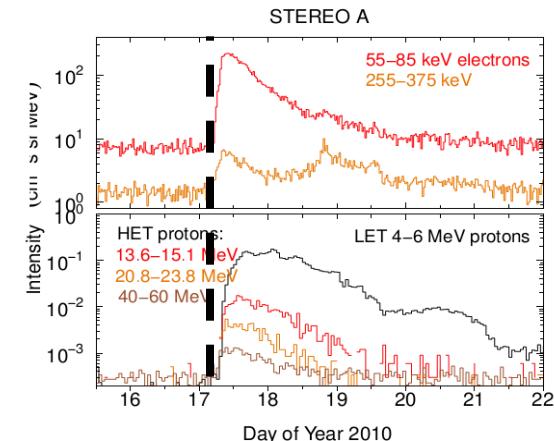
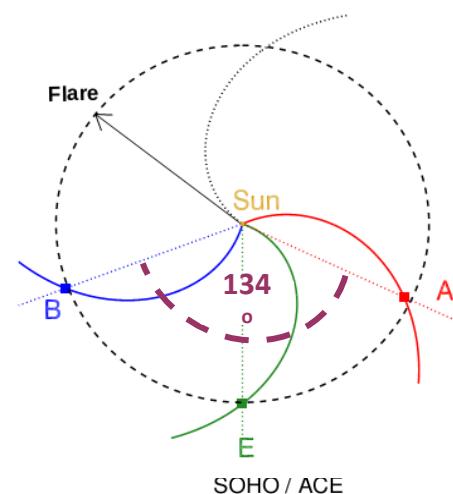
STB – Onset time: $4:30 \pm 24 \text{ min}$

Longitudinal Separation –
Flare & STB foot point 113°

Longitudinal Separation –
Flare & SOHO foot point
 161°

Longitudinal Separation –
Flare & STA foot point 117°

Dresing et al., 2012

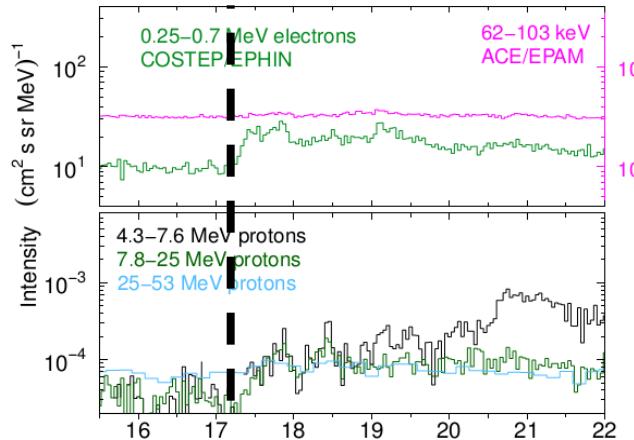


STA – Onset time: $4:55 \pm 24 \text{ min}$

Flare onset time –
SEP @ STB 49min

Flare onset time –
SEP @ EARTH $\sim 2.5\text{h}$

Flare onset time –
SEP @ STA 74min



EARTH – Onset time: $6:16 \pm 57 \text{ min}$

The Multi-spacecraft Approach – STEREO era

Multi-spacecraft - Wide Spread Event

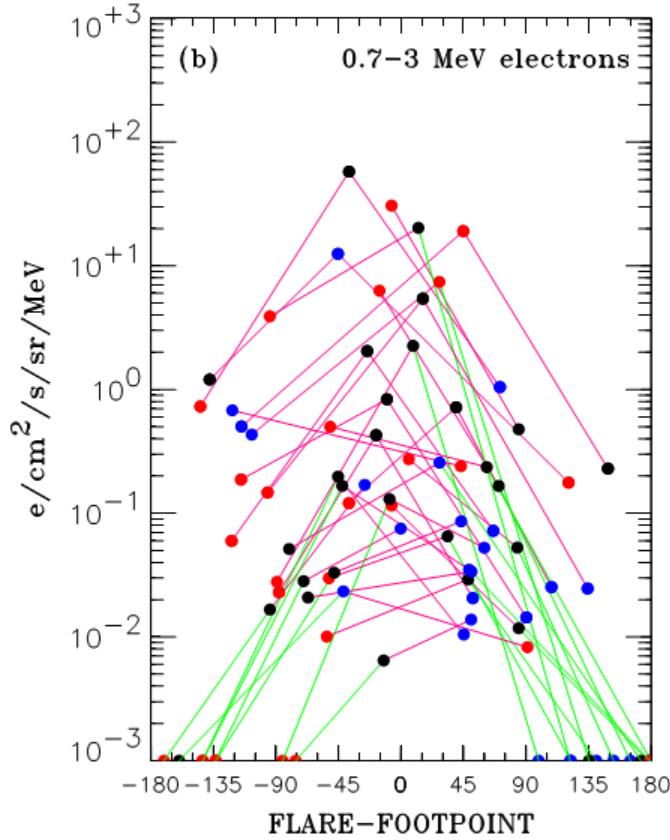
Event Date	Ref.	Interpretation	Other events
03.04.2010	Rouillard et al., 2011	Shock Evolution	21.03.2011 Rouillard et al., 2012
17.01.2010	Dresing et al., 2012	Perpendicular Diffusion	17.05.2012 Heber et al., 2013
07.02.2010	Wiedenbeck et al., 2013 Wiedenbeck et al., 2011	Cross-Field Transport	Reames, 2013 Tan et al., 2013

- ✓ A lot of new information leads to new knowledge and to new [old] questions on the source, acceleration and propagation of SEPs ☺
- ✓ Thorough examination of single case studies, in view of **Multi-spacecraft measurements** within **STEREO era** will hopefully shed light to these questions !

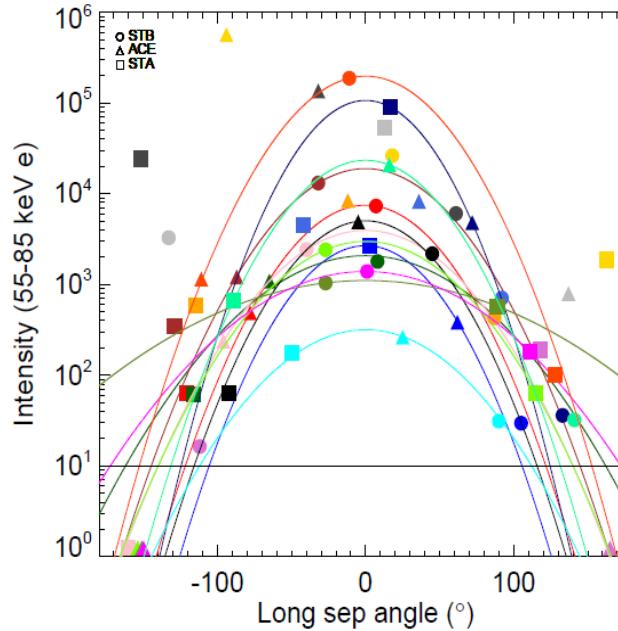
Malandraki, 2013

Statistical Studies

Longitudinal Spread of SEPs



Lario et al., 2013



Dresing et al., 2013

→ Details: B. Heber,
this Splinter

- Peak intensity dependence:
$$\exp(-k(\phi-\phi_0)^2/2\sigma)$$
- Asymmetric angular distribution shifted to the east ($\phi_0 < 0$)

Summary

Two SEP lists have been compiled

STEREO A / LET (SEPT)

STEREO B / LET (SEPT)

Time-shifting analysis (TSA)

STA & STB: SEPT electrons

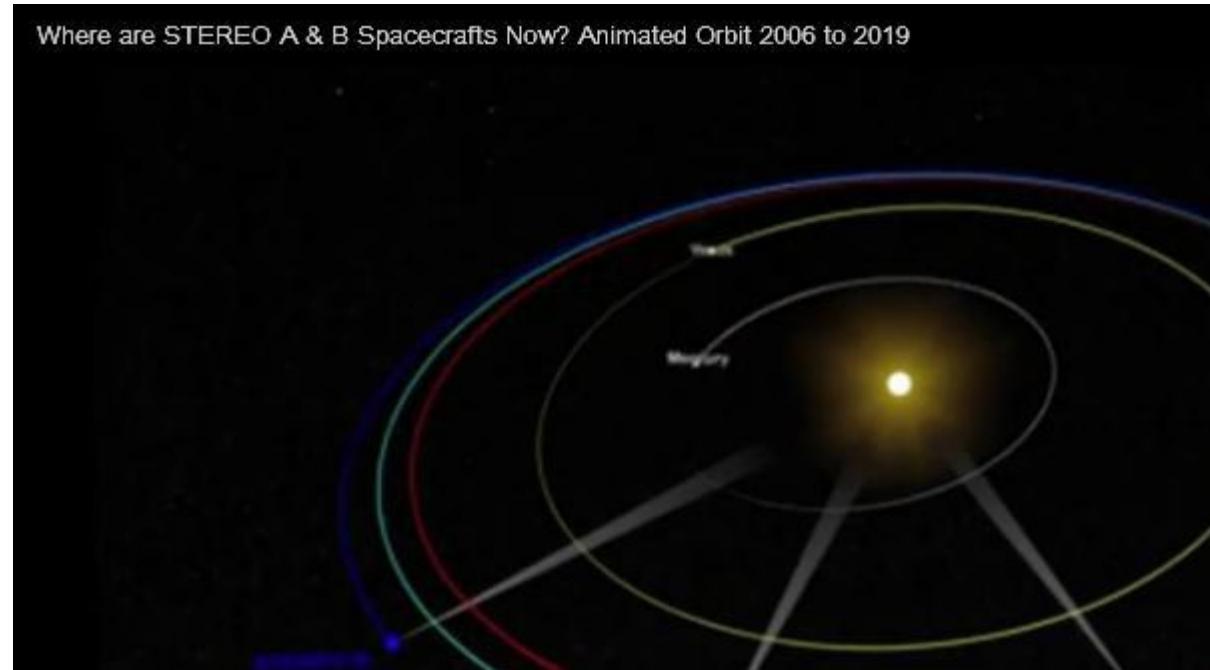
Solar Associations

Wind/WAVES, STEREO/WAVES, ARTEMIS, NRH, CMEs
(LASCO and STEREO), SXRs, HXR

The STEREO SEP event Catalogues

Facilitate the extended investigation on particle
acceleration and transport processes at the Sun and in
the inner heliosphere through ***specific case studies*** and
statistical analysis of a large sample of well defined
events

Thank you ☺



Video Credit: NASA Multimedia

Acknowledgments The research leading to these results has received funding from the European Union's Seventh Framework Programme (FP7/2007-2013) under grant agreement n° 262773 (SEPServer)

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