

The EISCAT_3D radar system: Conclusions from the Preparatory Phase

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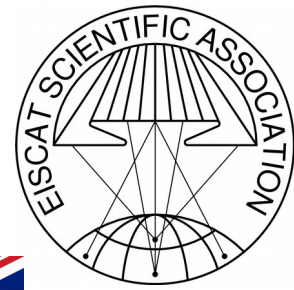
This project has received funding from the European Union's Seventh Framework Programme for research, technological development

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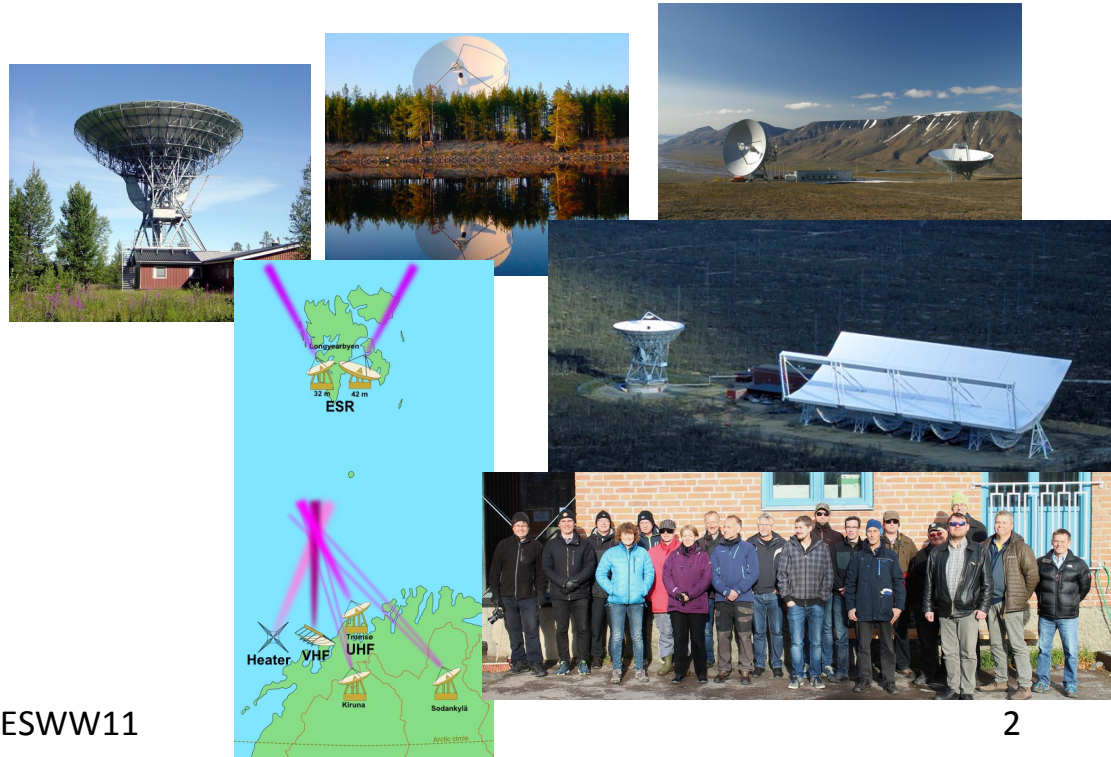
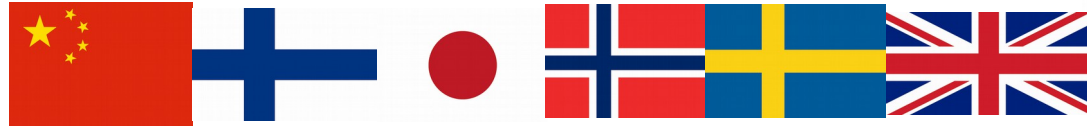
Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO



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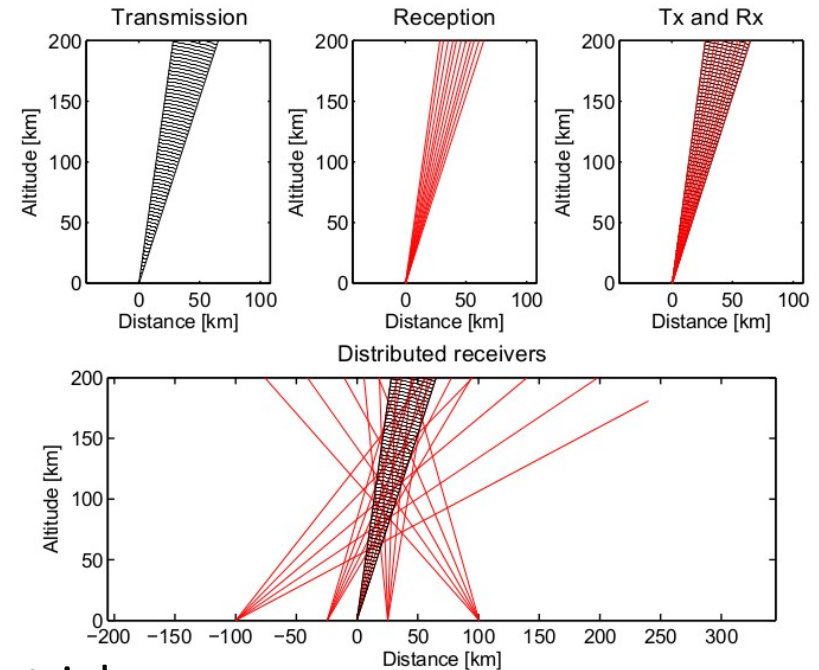


- International research organisation
 - Solar-terrestrial physics
 - Atmospheric science
- Operates three incoherent radar systems and some additional instruments
 - Tromsø (Norway), Kiruna (Sweden), Sodankylä (Finland), Longyearbyen (Svalbard)



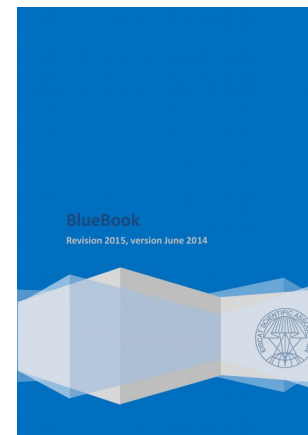
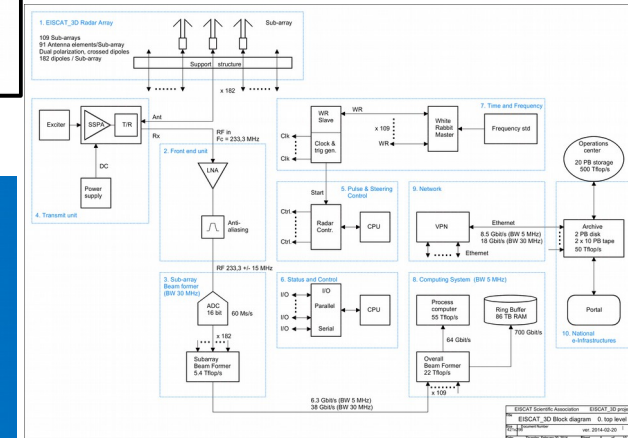
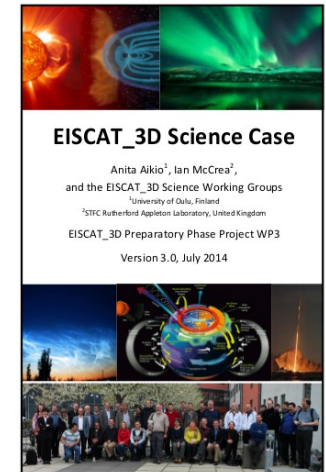
EISCAT_3D

- The next generation research radar
- Multiple phased arrays
- State-of-the-art signal processing and beam-forming techniques
- Unique set of capabilities for one system:
 - Resolution of space-time ambiguity
 - 3D volumetric capability
 - Sub-beam width measurements
 - Continuous monitoring of solar variability on terrestrial atmosphere and climate
 - Model validation for space weather and global change



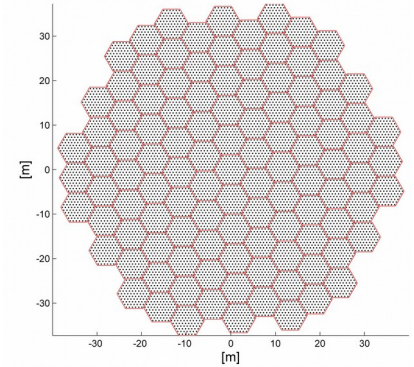
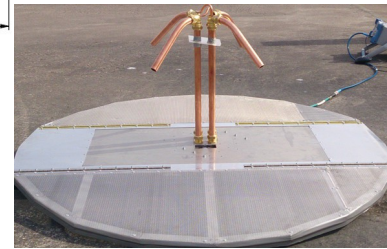
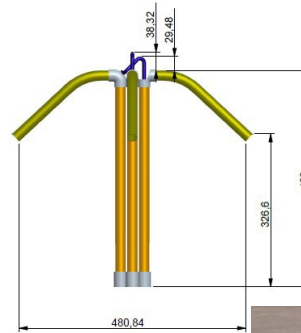
The road to implementation

- Design Study (FP6) 2005 – 2009
- Preparatory Phase (FP7) 2010 – 2014:
 - Science Case
 - Handbook of Measurement Principles
 - Performance Specification
 - Technical Work
 - Consortium Building



Building for the future

- Construction in four stages
- First stage planned to be in full operation in 2021



2014-11-19



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Information

- Much more information available online
 - About EISCAT: www.eiscat.se
 - About EISCAT_3D: www.eiscat3d.se

EISCAT
3D

